

Pearl 4 Functional Programming Test

30 September 2016
13:45 – 14:45

Name:
Student Number:
Studies: TCS / BIT / Other: ...

- All exercises weigh equally heavy.
- You may use the syllabus "Algorithms – The Functional Paradigm".
- Good luck!

Exercise 1. Given is the following list of lists:

`xss = [[11, 12, 13, 14, 15], [21, 22, 23, 24, 15], [31, 32, 33, 34, 35], [41, 42, 43, 44, 45]]`

What are the values of the following two expressions (respectively):

(a) `xss!!2!!3`

(b) `(reverse xss)!!2`

Fill in the box at the correct answer:

(A) 23 and [12, 22, 32, 42]

(B) 34 and [35, 34, 33, 32, 31]

(C) 34 and [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]

(D) 23 and [25, 24, 23, 22, 21]

Exercise 2. Given are the definitions of the functions foo and bar:

```
foo f x 0 = x
foo f x n = foo f (f x) (n-1)
bar (x,y) = (2*x + y, y+1)
```

What is the outcome of

```
foo bar (1,0) 4
```

Fill in the box at the correct answer:

- (A) 27
- (B) (58, 5)
- (C) (27, 4)
- (D) 36

Exercise 3. What is wrong with the following expression (with the above definitions for foo and bar):

```
bar foo (1,0) 4
```

Fill in the box at the correct answer:

- (A) It causes an infinite loop.
- (B) It gives a type error.
- (C) There should be a semicolon (;) at the end.
- (D) It calculates a wrong answer.

Bar + foo

Exercise 4. A function `f` has to be defined recursively, the basic clauses are already given:

```
f [] = []
f [x] = [[]]
```

There are four possible candidates for the recursive clause:

- (i) `f (x:y:xs) = (x+y) : f (y:xs)`
- (ii) `f (x:y:xs) = [x+y] : f (y:xs)`
- (iii) `f (x:y:xs) = [x+y] ++ f (y:xs)`
- (iv) `f (x:y:xs) = [[x+y]] ++ f (y:xs)`

Which of these clauses do *not* give typing problems?

Fill in the box at the correct answer:

- (A) (i) and (ii)
- (B) (i) and (iii)
- (C) (ii) and (iii)
- (D) (ii) and (iv)

Exercise 5. Assume that the function `prime` is given:

```
prime x
```

yields `True` if `x` is a prime number, and `False` otherwise.

Someone needs a definition that calculates the list of the squares of all prime numbers smaller than 10. Thus, the result of this list should be the list [4, 9, 25, 49]. Which of the following definitions calculates this list correctly?

- (i) `[x^2 | x <- [1..9], prime x]`
- (ii) `[(prime x)^2 | x <- [1..9]]`
- (iii) `filter prime (map (^2) [1..9])`
- (iv) `map (^2) (filter prime [1..9])`

Fill in the box at the correct answer:

- (A) (i) and (iii)
- (B) (i) and (iv)
- (C) (ii) and (iii)
- (D) (ii) and (iv)

